

Project name: Restoring Social Services & Climate Resilience Project (RSS&CR)	
Approx. value of the contract: 72,944,499 PKR	
Country Pakistan	Location within Country (Districts) District Torghar (UC: Ghari Hasan Zai & Darbanni)
Name of Donor/ Funding Agency: PPAF	Duration of Project (months): 24 Months
Start date (month/year): 1 May 2024	Completion date (month/year): 30 April 2026
Name of Consortium Members (if the project was implemented by a consortium) N/A	
<p>Project Objectives, Outcomes and list of major activities (Not more than 500 words)</p> <p>The <i>Restoring Social Services and Climate Resilience (RSS&CR)</i> project, implemented by Sungi Development Foundation with the support of the Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF), aimed to restore critical infrastructure and enhance community resilience in the flood-affected areas of District Torghar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. The project was executed in two union councils Ghari Hasan zai and Darbanni.</p> <p>Objectives:</p> <p>The project was designed to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rehabilitate green and social infrastructure damaged by floods. 2. Improve access to essential services including water, sanitation, and education. 3. Enhance the capacity of communities to respond to climate-induced risks through disaster preparedness and awareness. 4. Promote inclusive participation of women, youth, and marginalized groups in community-based resilience actions. <p>Outcomes Achieved:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safe access to drinking water was restored through the rehabilitation of multiple water supply schemes. • Climate-resilient latrine blocks and handwashing stations were constructed in local schools, promoting hygienic practices and ensuring a safer learning environment, particularly for girls. • Over 200 individuals including women, adolescents, and local leaders participated in capacity-building sessions on disaster risk reduction (DRR), hygiene promotion, and climate change adaptation. • IEC materials were developed and disseminated widely, while hygiene kits were distributed among target households, improving knowledge and practice related to water safety and sanitation. 	

- Community-based monitoring and maintenance structures were established, ensuring the sustainability of repaired infrastructure beyond the project lifecycle.

Major Activities:

- Initial technical assessments and community consultations were conducted to identify infrastructure needs and ensure community ownership of the process.
- Partially damaged water tanks, latrines, and school buildings were repaired or reconstructed using disaster-resilient materials and local labor.
- Hygiene awareness campaigns were carried out in schools and public spaces, complemented by the installation of visible IEC materials.
- Mother groups, school committees, and community organizations were engaged and oriented on maintaining repaired facilities.
- Refresher trainings were held for field staff to strengthen their skills in social mobilization and WASH interventions.
- Regular follow-up visits and progress monitoring ensured quality implementation and timely completion of targets.

The project successfully demonstrated how integrated infrastructure rehabilitation and community mobilization can build resilience in climate-vulnerable regions. Through collaborative planning and inclusive outreach, RSS&CR contributed to restoring dignity, access, and preparedness in some of the most underserved parts of District Torghar.